

Miba Industrial Bearings Pedestal Bearing ZR/ZG





The Industrial Bearing Branch of the Miba Bearing Group produces hydrodynamic bearings and labyrinth seals for use in mechanical and plant engineering which are used in a wide range of high-performance applications.

Our highly inspired teams, work diligently to serve our customers the best bearing solutions for each and every application.

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Description of the pedestal bearing

The Miba pedestal horizontal bearing (type ZR and ZG) is designed according to DIN 31690 norm specifications for a wide range of heavy duty applications (electrical machines, turbines, blowers and test rigs). The modular system applies to the different types of bearings (pedestal, end flange and center flange), i.e. it is always possible to combine different modules of this system such as shell, lubricating ring and other equipment. Thus, assembly is simple and mistakes due to the positioning of screws and pins are avoided during installation, commissioning and maintenance procedures.

Housing

The bearing housings are finned (size 35) or smooth (sizes 45, 56, 71) and manufactured from nodular cast iron EN-GJS-400-15 (formerly GGG 40) giving high strength. Upon request, they can be supplied in gray cast iron EN-GJL-300 (formerly GG 30) or in nodular cast iron EN-GJS-400-18-LT (formerly GGG 40.3). The spherical seat in the housing ensures easy alignment during assembly and the loads are evenly distributed into the lower part of the housing. Therefore, these bearings are designed for high-stress applications. Thread holes for monitoring the temperature, for oil inlet and outlet, as well as for oil level, are provided on both sides of the housing as standard. The housing comes with an oil

sight glass on one side. The opposite side is supplied plugged and may be used as an oil outlet. If needed, their positions can be exchanged by reversing these parts. In the top half of the housing, a sight glass, which permits the loose oil ring to be viewed, and a plugged manual oil feeder are provided. The basic design can be easily amended, if required, to incorporate water cooling tubes, oil sump heater, vibration detectors (angled at 45°), horizontal, vertical and axial vibration sensors and earthing devices. Upon equest, thread holes can be provided in the ZR housing to meet all 541 and 546 requirements for API norms.

Bearing shells

The shell is supplied in halves and spherically seated in the housing, ensuring easy self-alignment during assembly. The material is low carbon steel, lined with high tin-based white metal. This construction ensures na easy assembly and a long life cycle. Bearing shells with plain cylindrical bore and loose oil ring are used in most cases, but other shapes of bore are possible. When the specific load on start-up is too high, or for very slow speed applications, a hydrostatic jacking system can be incorporated. Bearing shells can be provided with or without thrust faces.

Q-type shells have no thrust capability for non-locating bearings.

B-type shells with plain white metal lined shoulders with oil grooves are suitable for small, temporary thrust loads.

K-type shells have taper land faces for medium thrust loads and both directions of rotation.

D-type shells, with taper land faces suitable for only one direction of rotation, are capable of absorbing higher thrust loads.

A-type shells, for the highest loads, are equipped with thrust tilting pads.



Oil supply

Fully self-contained lubrication is achieved by using a loose oil ring. Alternatively, where bearings are lubricated by an external oil circulation system, this loose oil ring can be used to permit an emergency shutdown without damage in case an oil system failure occurs. Z-bearings can be used for marine applications, where an oil ring guide assures proper lubrication even if extreme vessel motions occur.

Electrical insulation

To prevent stray currents conducted by the shaft, Z-bearings can optionally be supplied electrically insulated. In this case, the spherical seat of the housing is coated with a wearresistant and temperature-resistant synthetic material. Upon request, a grounding wire is provided to short out this insulation, passing through a thread hole (Pq 7) in the housing.

Sealing

The seals are selected for the different operation conditions, environments and requested protection level. It can be a floating labyrinth seal (IP 44)made of high heat resistant fiber reinforced synthetic material or with adjustable rigid seals (IP 44) made of aluminum alloy. Both types of seals can be equipped with bolt-on baffles (IP 55) or dust flingers (IP 54) if the bearing is operating in a dusty or a wet environment, or if rotating parts (clutches, couplings, fans etc.) are fitted close to the bearing. Special seals offering higher protection, or pressurized seals etc., can be supplied for special applications upon request. An end cover is used when the end of the shaft is inside the bearing housing.

Temperature control

Provisions for the fitting of thermo sensors in the journal bush and oil sump are provided as standard. The type of sensor used depends on the type required by the readout equipment used (direct reading, centralized control system, recording instrument, etc.). For bearings with high thrust loads, additional thermometers for the thrust part can be integrated.

Selection of oil

It is recommended that any branded mineral oil which is inhibited against foaming, ageing and oxidation is used as lubricant. The viscosity is suggested by Miba Industrial Bearings if the customer doesn't have preferences.

Bearing calculation

Miba Industrial Bearings uses a state of the art calculation program which can provide the following outputs:

- Minimum oil film thickness
- Maximum hydrodynamic pressure
- Maximum bearing temperature
- Oil outlet temperature
- Minimum permissible oil flow
- Frictional power loss
- Stiffness and damping coefficients
- Clearance for bearing / shaft seat

Radial bore profile selection

The radial bore profile type selection depends on several conditions. Among them we have the circumferential speed and the specific pressure. The following table should help in a preliminary selection.

1 // Type of radial bearing bore profile Type of bore Circumferential speed U (m/s) Specific load p (MPa) C/L/F Cylindrical 0 ... 30 0 ... 4 Y Two-lobe 25 ... 75 0 ... 3 V Four-lobe 25 ... 100 0 ... 2 K Radial tilting pads 15 ... 100 0 ... 2







MIBA housing bearings of all sizes 9 - 45 can be provided with tilting pad journal bearings for the highest demands

Very high load capacity at highest circumferential speeds up to 100 m/s

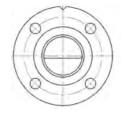
Highest stability properties

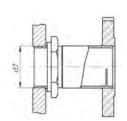
Oil flow

Z-bearings are supplied without oil inlet or outlet flanges. Upon request, as additional items, Miba Industrial Bearings can supply these flanges according to DIN 2573 or ANSI B16.5 norms. Oil outlet flanges with weir are to be mounted with the weir horizontal at the bottom. The mark on the flange will then be visible in the center of the top side.

Larger oil quantities with special outlets on request.

71 G3 (DN 80)





50

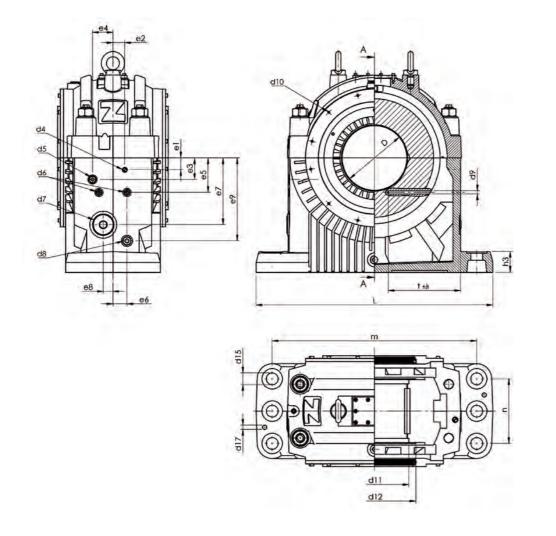
1 // Oil flow						
Size	Oil outlet thread Std	Maximum flow for oil ISO VG 32 and 46 at 40°C (I/min)	Maximum flow for oil ISO VG 68 and 100 at 40°C (I/min)	Oil outlet thread enlarged*	Maximum flow for oil ISO VG 32 and 46 at 40°C (I/min)	Maximum flow for oil ISO VG 68 and 100 at 40°C (I/min)
35	G3 (DN 80)	42	35	G4 (DN 100)	53	50
45	G3 (DN 80)	42	35	G4 (DN 100)	53	50
56	C3 (DVI 80)	12	35	G4 (DN 100)	53	50

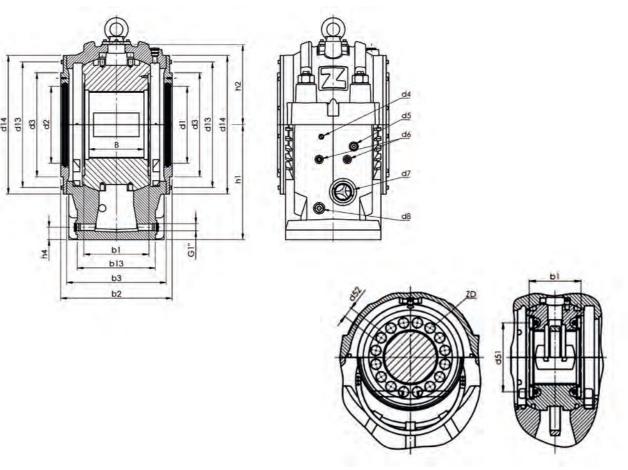
G4 (DN 100)

^{*} nonstandard enlarged oil outlet threads for bigger oil quantity applications, upon request. Additional cost will be applied.

ZR bearing dimensions

1 // ZR I	bearir	ng dime	ensions																																								
D Size (I		В	b1	o2 b	o3 b13	3 d1 a	and d2	d3	d5	d7	d8	d9	d1	0	d11	d12	d51	d52	d13	d14	d1	15 d	1 17 ¹	e1	e2	e3	e4	e5	e6	e7	e8	e9	h1	h2	h3	h4	L	m	n	t	ZD tilti Pads per size	ng appr. weight (kg)	appr. Oil content (I)
3	00	254						480							320	385	390	63										160		295											16		
3	15	254						480							335	400	405	63										170		295											18		
3	35	254				200	0.15	480							355	425	425	63										180		310											18		
35 3	55	254	200	EGO 4	160 360	300	; 315 ; 355 ; 400 ; 450	480	G3/4	CO	G1	10	M		375	445	445	63	600	640	55	5 to 2	20	ee.	EE	120	O.E.	190	65	310	45	205	530	370	95	57	1100	950	300	332	20	1200	33
35 3	75	264	300	002 4	100 300	375	; 400	525	G3/4	G3	GI	18	12	(x)	395	455	455	50	600	640	M	42 2	20	55	55	120	95	200	00	320	45	385	530	370	95	57	1100	950	300	332	24	1300	33
4	.00	264				425	, 450	525							420	470	470	50										210		320											24		
4	25	264						525							445	515	-	-										225		320											-		
4	50	264						525							-	-	-	-										235		320											-		





Thrust face type A

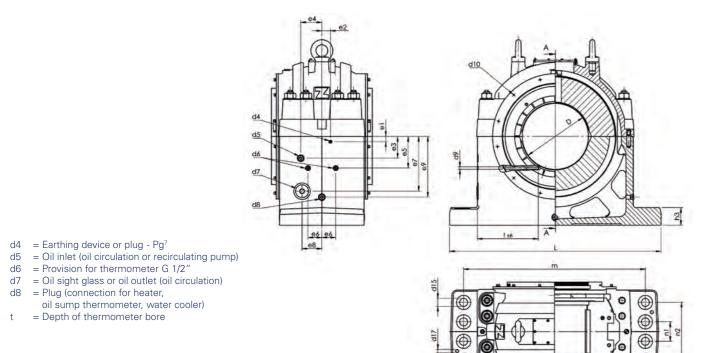
d4 = Earthing device or plug - Pg⁷
 d5 = Oil inlet (oil circulation or recirculating pump)
 d6 = Provision for thermometer G 1/2"
 d7 = Oil sight glass or oil outlet (oil circulation)

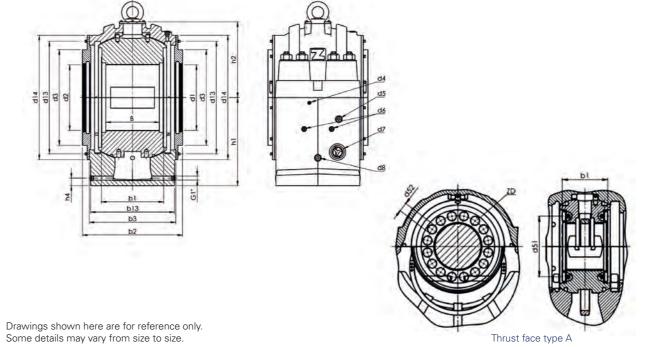
d8 = Plug (connection for heater, oil sump thermometer, water cooler)

t = Depth of thermometer bore

ZG bearing dimensions

1 // ZG bear	ring din	nensions																																
D Size (H7)	В	b1 b2 b3 b13	3 d1 and d2	d3 d5	5 d7	d8	d9	d10	d11	d12	d51 d52	d13	d14	d15 d17	e1	e2	e3	e4	e5	e6	e7 e	8 e9	h1	h2	h3	h4	L	m	n1	n2	t	ZD tilting pads per size	appr. weight (kg)	appr. Oil content (I)
375	319			530					400	480	185 80								190		335											16		
400	319			530					425	505	510 80								205		335											18		
425	319			530					450	530	535 80								215		350											18		
450	319		375; 400 425; 450	600				M10	475	555	60 80			62 to					230		350											20		
	329	375 652 550 530	475; 500	600 600	3/4 G3	G1	18	12(x)	500	580	560 80 580 63	730	780	62 to M48 20	45	45	130	120	245		360 9	0 420	600	475	120	60	1350	1150	-	355	396	26	2300	63
500	329		530; 560	600						605									255		360											26		
530	329			600					555	635 -	_								270		360											-		
560	329			600					585	635 -	_								285		360											-		
475	409								505	590	610 100								225													16		
500	409								530	615	635 100								240													18		
530	409		475 500						560	645	665 100								255													18		
560	419	475 700 000 046	475; 500 530; 560	700 04	1 00	0.1	10	M10	590	675	870 80	000	050	62 to M48 25	405	400	405	400	270	405	445 4	-0 400	070		400	F0	4000	4.400	450	450	450	22	4000	70
56 600	419	475 762 660 640	600; 630 670; 710	730 G1	1 63	i GI	18	12(x)	630	715	700 80	890	950	M48 ²⁵	105	190	165	160	295	105	415 1	50 460	670	575	130	58	1600	1400	150	450	450	24	4000	/6
630	429		670, 710						660	745	715 63								310													30		
670	429								-		_								330													-		
710	429								-		_								350													-		
600	522								635	725	765 125								250													18		
630	522								665	755	795 125								270		500											18		
670	522		600, 620						705	795	335 125								295		500											18		
710	534	600 912 810 780	600; 630 670; 710 750; 800	2) G1	1 G2	C1	10	M10	745	835	350 100	1076	1165	70 to M64 25	125	240	175	200	320	140	1	90 540	750	720	160	62	2000	1000	200	560	560	24	6400	125
71 750	534	000 312 010 /00	750; 800 850; 900	2) G	1 43	G I	10	12(x)	785	875 -	-	1070	1100	M64 ²⁵	123	240	1/3	200	340	140	13	50 540	/30	/20	100	02	2000	1600	200	300	500	-	0400	120
800	549		000, 000						835	925	-								370		2)											-		
850	549								875	965	-								400		2)											-		
900	549								910	980 -	-								425													-		





oil sump thermometer, water cooler)

t = Depth of thermometer bore

¹⁾ Bore for dowel pin

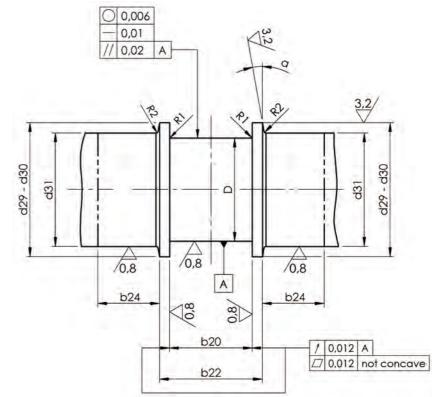
Dimensions of shaft

1 // Dir	mension	s of sha	ft														
Size	D 1) 300 315 335 355 375 400 425	b20 ²⁾	b21 ³⁾	b22 360	b23 ⁴⁾	b24	b25 335	b26	d29 385 400 425 450 470 495 515	430 458 473 493 513 510 525	300 — 3 <u>55</u> 335 4 <u>25</u> 400	d31 (e8) d32 315 300 375 355 450 425	335 315 400 375	d33 335 355 375 400 425 450 475	R1 ⁶⁾	R2 ⁶⁾	R3
45	450 375 400 425 450 475 500 530 560	375,5	400	445	16	120	425	130	480 505 530 555 580 605 645	570 595 620 645 648 658	375 — 450 425 530 500	400 375 475 450 560 530	425 400 500 475	500 425 450 475 500 530 560 600 630	10	16	4
56	475 500 530 560 600 630 670 710	475,5	500	555	16	120	530	135	590 615 645 675 715 745	715 740 770 755 785 782 -	475 — 560 530 710 670	500 475 600 560	530 500 630 600	530 560 600 630 670 710 740	10	16	4
71	600 630 670 710 750 800 850 900	600,5	630	690	20	125	670	135	725 755 795 835 875 925 965 980	900 925 965 955 975 -	600 	630 600 750 710	670 630 800 750	670 710 750 800 850 900 920 970	10	16	6

Dimensions in millimeters

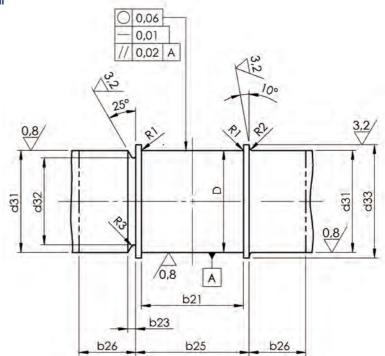
For locating bearing shell Z...B (d29; α =10°)

- Z...K (d29; α =10°)
- Z...D (d29; α =10°)
- Z...A (d30; α =15°)



For non-locating bearing shell

Z...Q



¹⁾ Limit dimensions of the shaft acc. DIN 31 698, form and positional tolerance and surfaces roughness acc. to DIN 31 699.

²⁾ Standard thrust clearance is 0,6 mm. If reversible thrust loads or shock load occur, dimension b20 can be reduced by 0,3 mm. If a locating bearing (shell type B,K) is needed only for test runs, dimension b20 can be enlarged by 4 up to 6 mm.

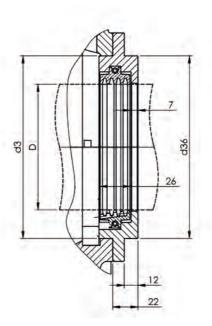
³⁾ If the non-locating bearing must allow larger motions (due to heat expansion or to large thrust clearances caused by the unit), dimension b21 can be enlarged.

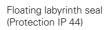
⁴⁾The plunge cut d32 is dropped, if it is equal or smaller as the shaft diameter D.

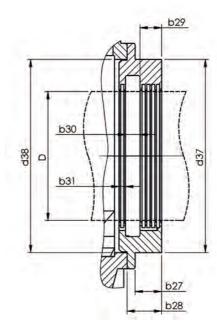
⁵⁾ Radii R1 and R2 can be replaced by a plunge cut acc. to DIN 509.

Types and dimensions of seals

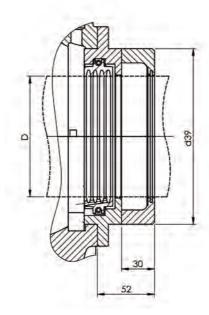
1 // Type	es and dimens	sions of s	eals											
Size	D 300 ¹⁾ 315 ¹⁾ 335 ¹⁾ 355 ¹⁾ 375 400 425 450	b27	b28	b29 27	b30	b31	b32 32	d3	d14 640	d36 480	d37 525	d38 520	d39 525	d40 525
45	375 400 425 450 475 500 530 560	36	51	27	10	10	2)	-	780	-	600	657	600	600
56	475 500 530 560 600 630 670 710	36	51	27	10	10	2)	-	950	-	730	797	730	730
71	600 630 670 710 750 800 850 900	36	51	27	10	10	2)	-	1160	-	990	985	990	990



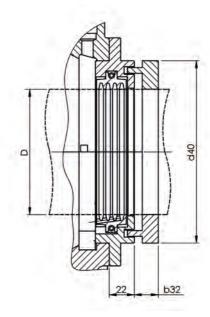




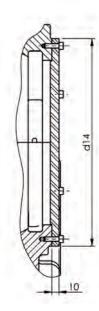
Rigid seal* (Protection IP 44)



Floating labyrinth seal with bolt-on baffle (Protection IP 55)



Floating labyrinth seal with dust flinger (Protection IP 54)



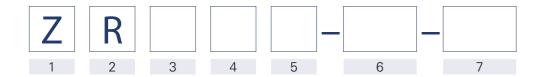
End cover

^{*}Can be combined either with a bolt-on baffle (IP 55) or with a dust flinger (IP 54)

¹⁾These sizes of seals can be manufactured in floating labyrinth seal or rigid seal. All other seal sizes can only be manufactured in rigid seal.

²⁾ Details on request

Bearing types and designations



1 // Type	
Z	Plain bearing
2 // Housing	
R G	Pedestal bearing, finned Pedestal bearing, smooth

G	redestal bearing, smooth
3 // Heat dissi	pation
N	Naturally cooled by convection
Z	Lubrication by oil circulation with external oil cooling
X	Lubrication by oil circulation with external oil cooling for high oil throughput
W	Finned water cooler in the oil sump
U	Recirculating oil pump and natural cooling
Т	Recirculating oil pump and water cooler in the oil sump

4 // Shape of	bore and type of lubrication
С	Plain cylindrical bore without oil ring
L	Plain cylindrical bore with loose oil ring
F	Plain cylindrical bore with oil disk
Υ	Two-lobe bore without oil ring
V	Four-lobe bore without oil ring
K	Journal tilting pads without oil ring
K	Journal tilting pads without oil ring

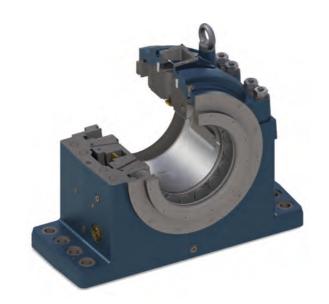
5 // Geometr	y of thrust bearing
Q	Without thrust capability
В	Plain white metal lined shoulders with oil grooves
K	Tapered land thrust faces for both sense of rotation
D	Tapered land thrust faces for one sense of rotation
А	Round tilting thrust pads, cup spring supported

7 // Shaft diameter (mm)

Example of a bearing designation:

ZRNLB-35-300

Pedestal bearing, finned, naturally cooled by convection, plain cylindrical bore with loose oil ring, plain white metal lined shoulders with oil grooves (locating or non-locating bearing), size 35, for shaft diameter 300 mm.





Checklist

- $\hfill \Box$ Operating conditions for calculation complete?
- ☐ Certification necessary (Lloyd`s, RINA...)?
- □ Atex class?
- Watercooler required?
- ☐ Hydrostatic oil supply required?
- ☐ Oil inlet or outlet flanges required (flange DIN)?
- ☐ Connecting diagram filled out?
- ☐ Electrical insulation required?
- ☐ Earthing device required?
- □ Protection class specified?
- ☐ Sealing type and diameter (outside)?
- ☐ Sealing type and diameter (inside)?
- ☐ Sealing diameter of machine seal?
- ☐ Shaft drawing available?
- ☐ Shaft vibration sensors required (thread...)?
- ☐ Speed sensor required (thread...)?
- ☐ Absolute vibration sensor required (position, thread...)?

The type ZM horizontal bearing is designed acc. to DIN 31694 norm specifications for a wide range of heavy duty applications (electrical machines, turbines and test rigs).

The type ZF horizontal bearing is designed acc. to DIN 31693 norm specifications for a wide range of

heavy duty applications (electrical machines, turbines

ZR - Pedestal bearing

and test rigs).

ZF - End flange mounted bearing

ZM - Center flange bearing

The Miba type ZR horizontal bearing is designed acc. to DIN 31 690 norm specifications for a wide range of heavy duty applications (electrical machines, turbines, blowers and test rigs).

Disclaime

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6 // Size

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